

#### Facts and performance of our career system



## The NCS has made career advancement subject to performance.

Circular 364 states consideration for equal opportunities & attention to staff left out

## But does the NCS deliver?

#### What is performance?

Necessary: Achieve goals, Demonstrating strength in competencies, Show engagement on priorities

### Can staff be compared?

Regulations silent on criteria sufficient to avoid arbitrariness. Instead: Harmonization process.

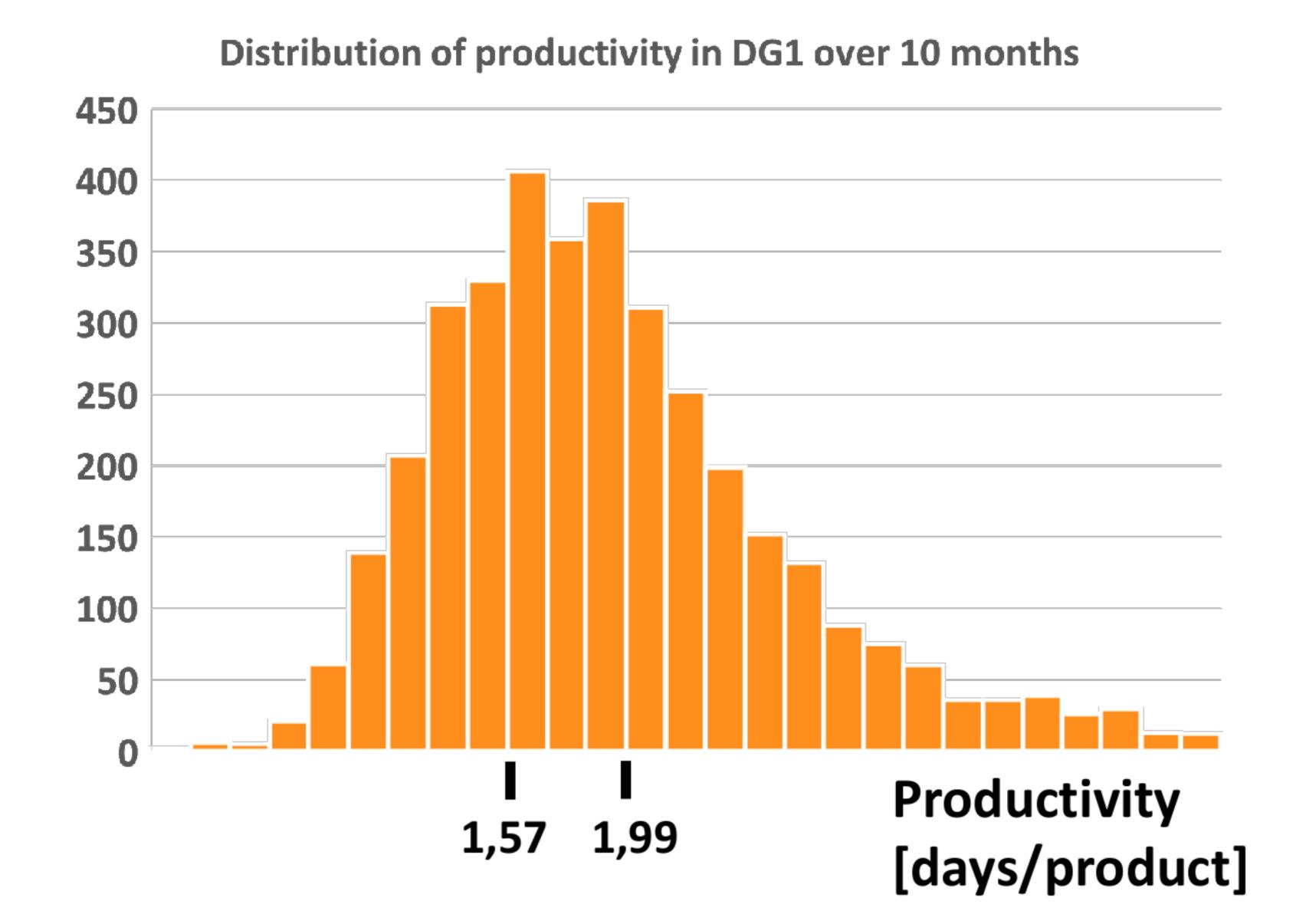
The case of DG1: Examiners and FOs

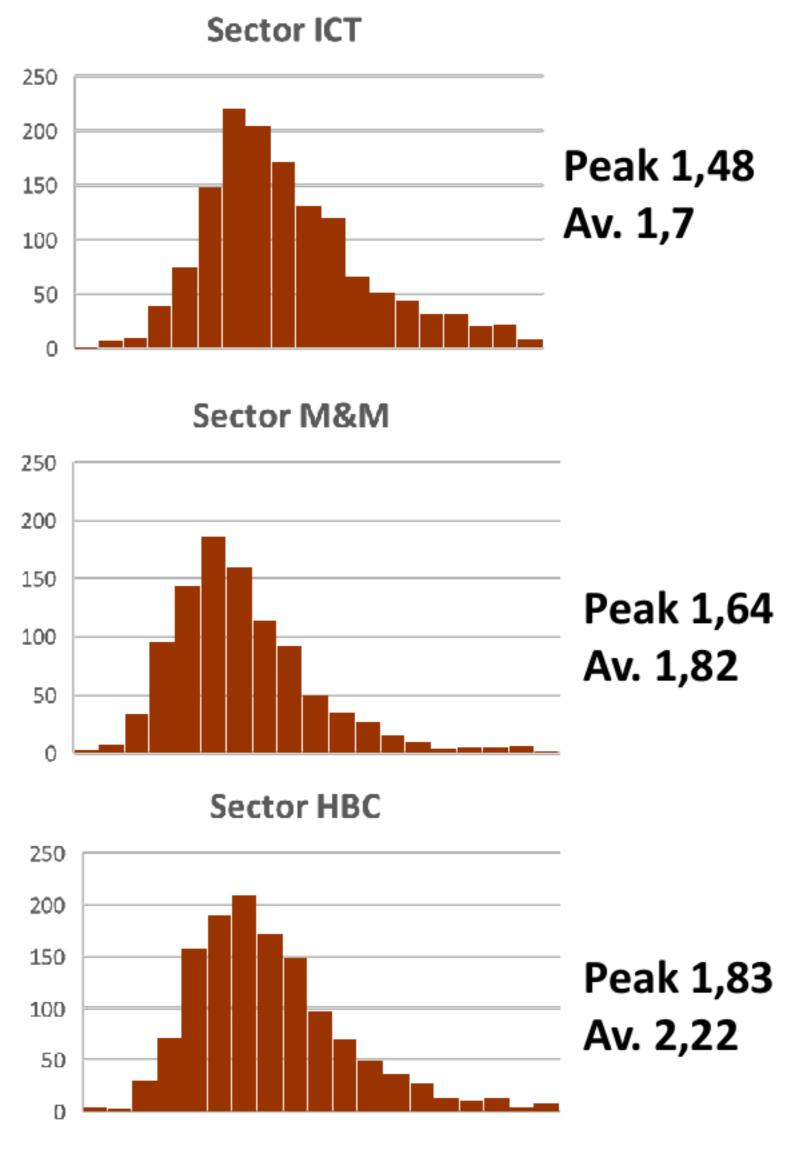
## Examiners perform similar tasks with a well-defined end point

Work intensity X
Work output ✓

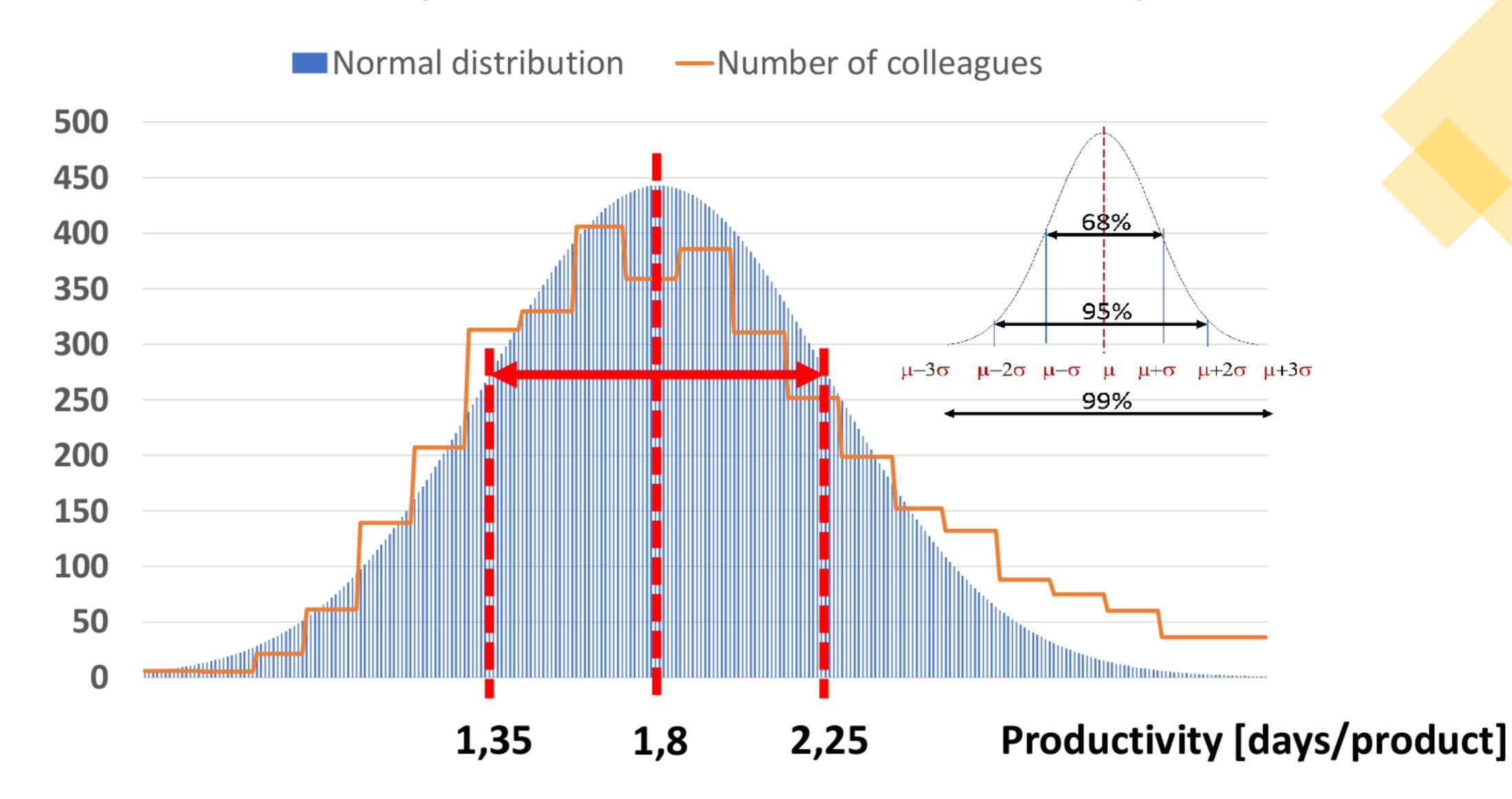
Work output per unit time = productivity

#### One KPI to compare performance: productivity

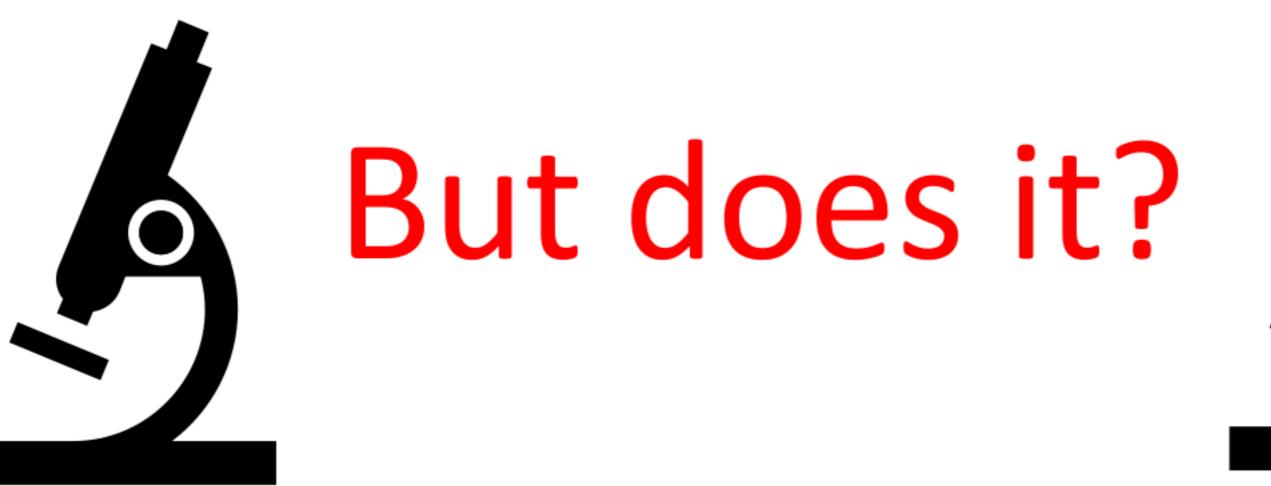




#### Productivity shows a Gaussian spread

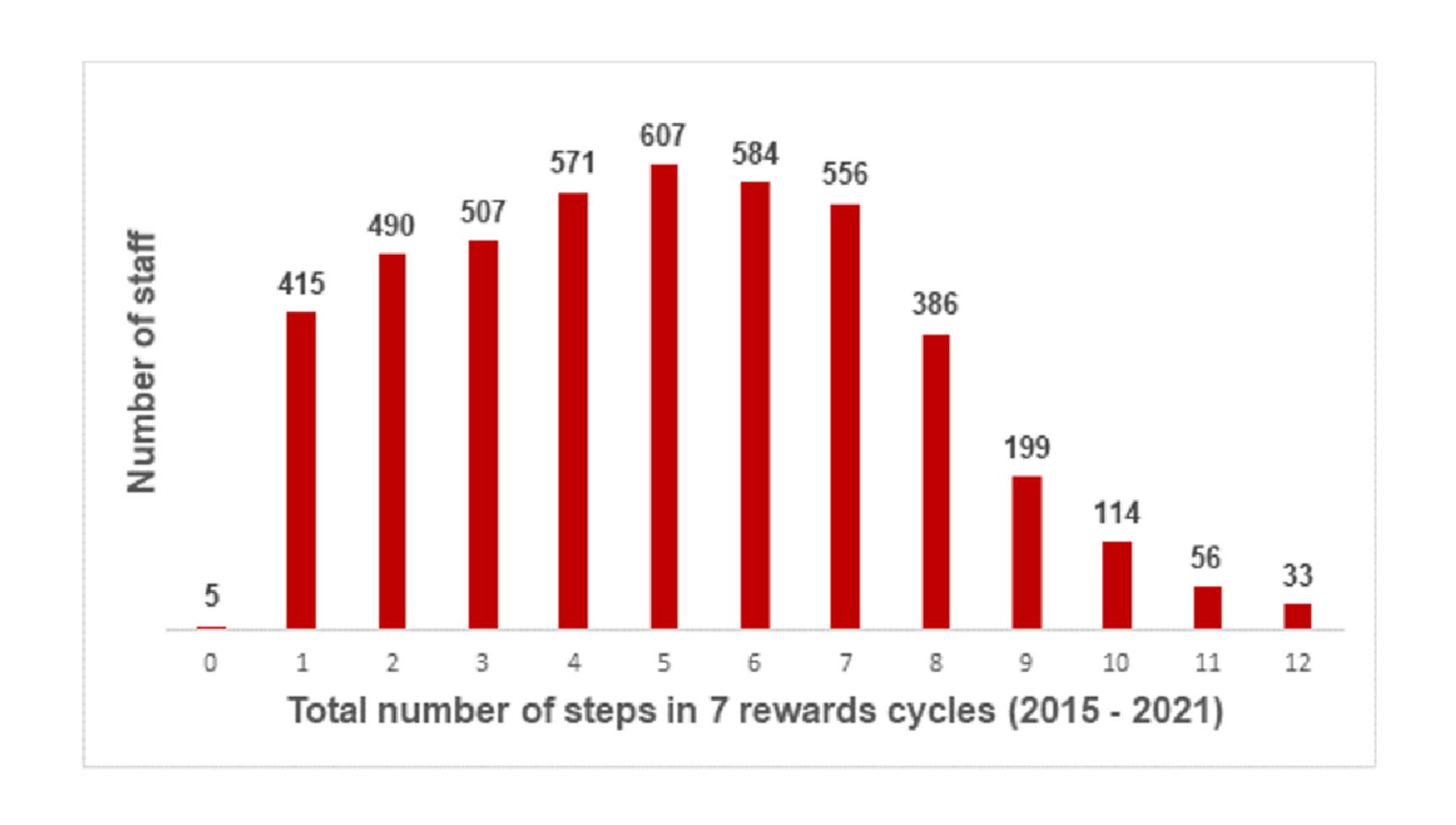


One would expect the distribution of rewards to display a Gaussian distribution as well



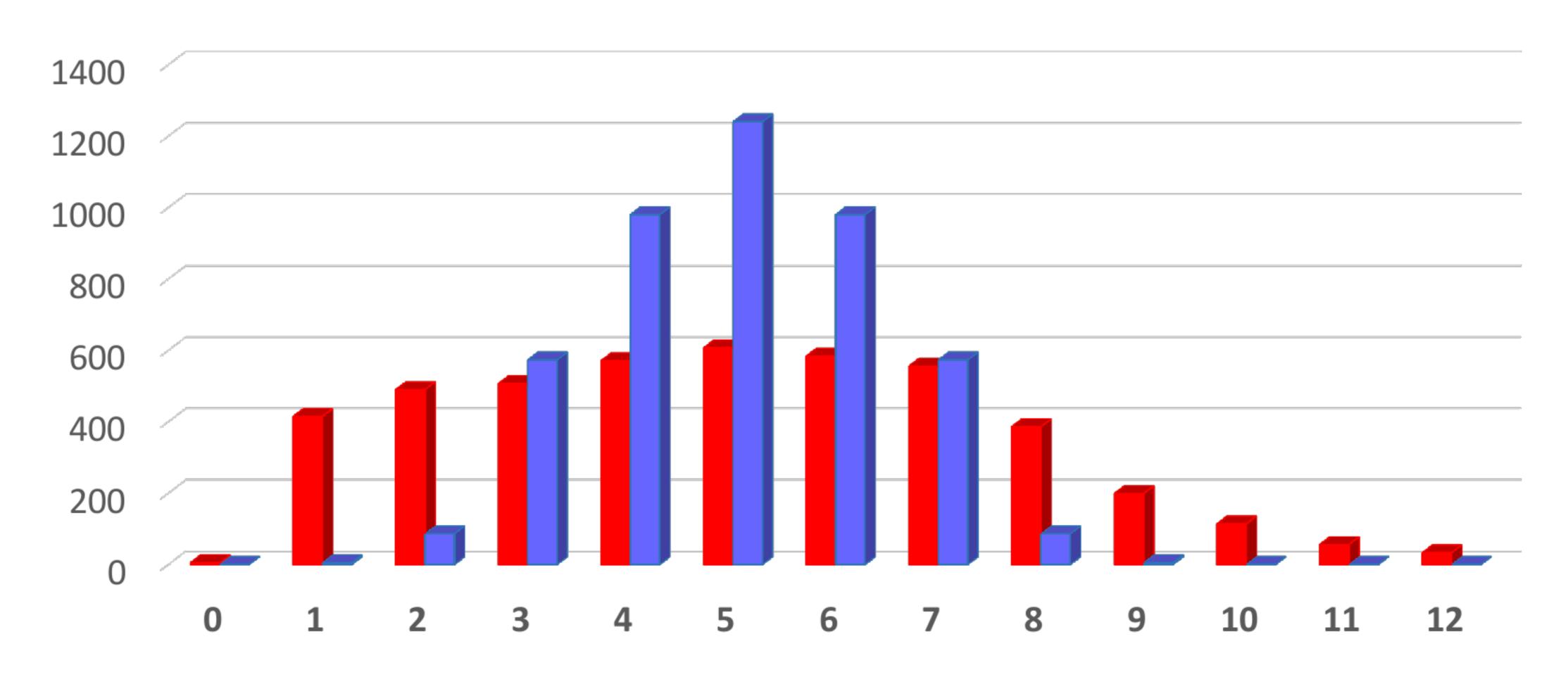


#### The real distribution of awards (Average: 5)



## Expected Gaussian distribution with an average of 5 steps and a sigma of 1 step

Pensionable reward distribution 2015-2021

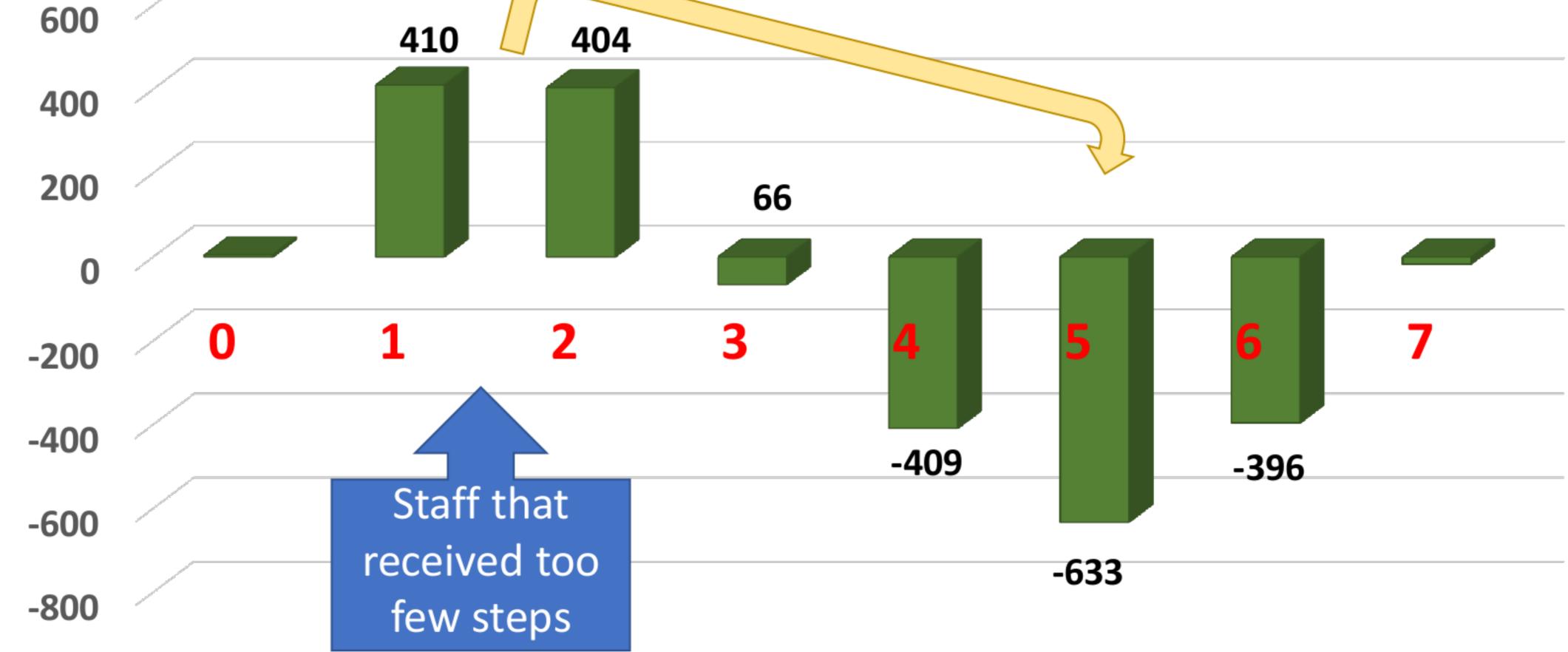


# The career system does not reflect the performance

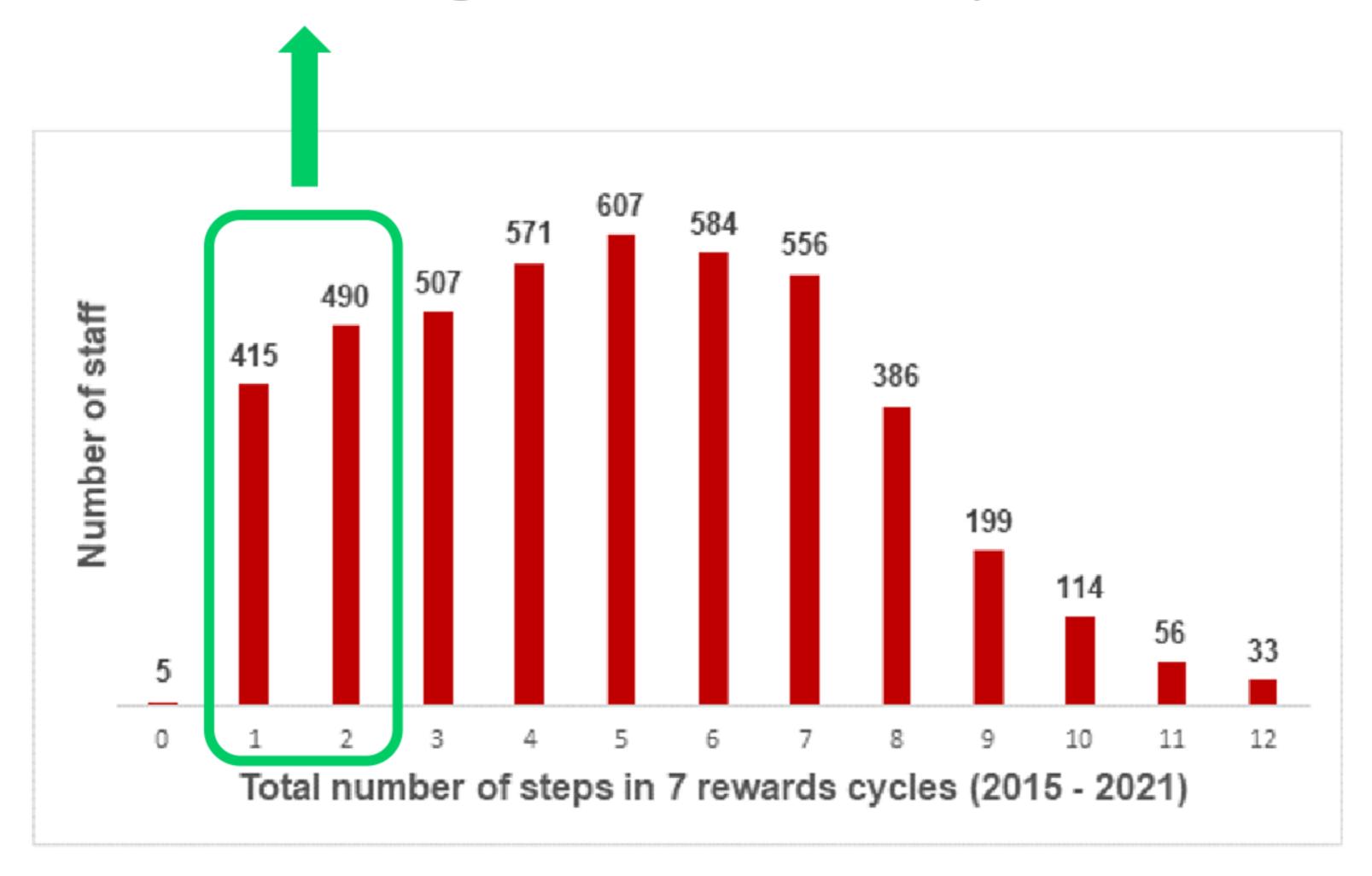
It amplifies the differences

#### Difference between reality and fairness

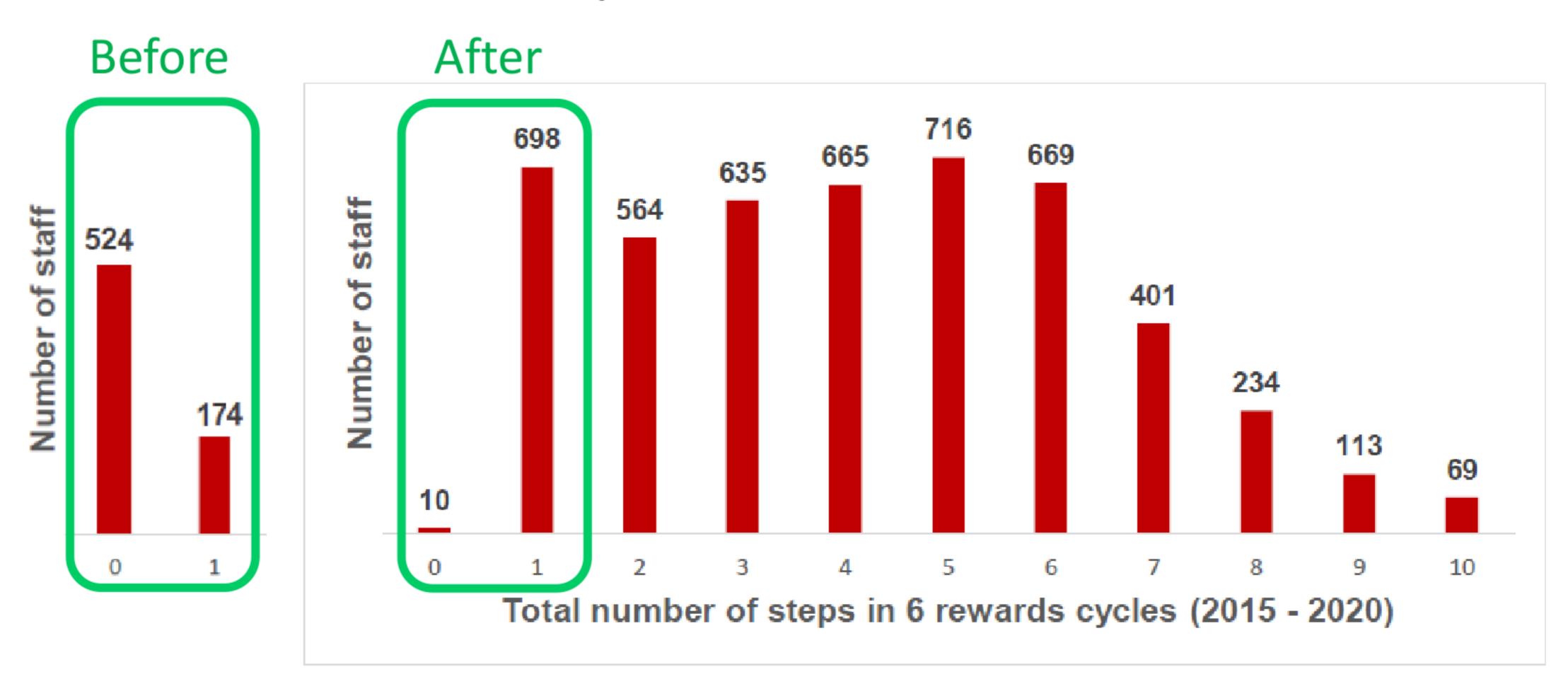




#### Notwithstanding the catch-up mechanism!



#### The catch-up mechanism of 2020



## Formality officers perform a large variety of tasks

Work intensity **X**Work output **X** 

Same observation for the distribution of rewards

Conclusion: if you have been rewarded less than average and yet you provide a fair contribution to the collective output, you have a reasonable cause to request a pensionable salary progression.

Disclaimer: this presentation is not an endorsement of any feature of the "New Career System" as all aspects of it are still subject to legal challenges.

